

A BRIEF GUIDE TO THE 2025 WAUKESHA COUNTY ADOPTED BUDGET

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The Budget-In-Brief is a <u>summary</u> document. Further detail on the 2025 budget and County operations can be obtained from the Waukesha County Department of Administration or from the County's website at <u>www.waukeshacounty.gov/budget</u> (or scan the QR code to the right with your smart phone or tablet).



CHECK IT	Waukesha County Executive and Board of Supervisors	2
OUT!	County Executive Budget Message	3-6
Taxes!	2025 Budget Summary	7
2025 Edition	2025 Tax Levy Summary	8
	County Tax Levy by Function	9
	County-Wide Pillars	10
How is the County	Organizational Chart	11
Organized?	Budgeted Positions 2023 - 2025 - Summary by Department	12
	2025 Budget Summary by Functional Area by Agency by Fund	13-14
	2023 - 2025 Expenditure Summary	15
Financial	2025 Expenditure Highlights	16
Summary	2023 - 2025 Revenue Summary	17
	2025 Revenue Highlights	18
BIC Brainata	2025 Capital Projects Budget	19-20
BIG Projects in 2025 &	2025 - 2029 Capital Projects Plan - Summary by Year	21
Beyond!	Projected Debt Service	22
	Debt Service Ratio and Debt Outstanding	23
Sounds like a	Financial Management Policies	24
plan!	County Planning Processes	25-26
•	Capital and Operating Budget Process	27
	Equalized Property Value by Municipality	28
Fun Facts &	County Population	29
Stats	General County Purpose Property Tax Levy Data	30
	Waukesha County Community Profile	31-32
	County Department Head Listing	33

Waukesha County Executive

Paul Farrow

(Term Expires April 2027)

Waukesha County Board of Supervisors

(Terms Expire April 2026)

Chairperson James A. Heinrich (9th District)

First Vice-Chairperson Keith Hammitt (23rd District) **Second Vice-Chairperson** Jacob LaFontain (7th District)

1st **District** Steve Styza

2nd District

Wayne Euclide

3rd District

Richard Morris

4th District

James Batzko

5th District

Jennifer Grant

6th District Jeremy Walz

8th District

Johnny Koremenos

10th District

Terry Thieme

11th District

Christine M. Howard

12th District

Peter M. Wolff

13th District

John D. Leisemann

14th District Christine Mommaerts

15th District Robert L. Kolb

> **16th District** Michael A. Crowley

> > 17th District Brian Meier

18th District Larry Nelson

19th District Darryl J. Enriquez **20th District** Thomas J. Schellinger

> **21**st **District** Joel R. Gaughan

22nd District Gary J. Szpara

24th District Larry Bangs

25th District Darlene M. Johnson

The entire budget can be found at http://www.waukeshacounty.gov/budget



Waukesha County Office of the County Executive

To: Residents of Waukesha County and Honorable County Board Members From: Paul Farrow, County Executive Date: December 11, 2024

The 2025 Adopted Budget maintains long-standing priorities while facing cuts in multiple areas. Even as general inflation has slowed in recent months, the cost to keep the county safe and maintain the infrastructure that residents and businesses rely on, continues to pose challenges. The reality is, those challenges cannot be addressed under state-mandated levy limits. On a positive note, we were able to stretch scarce dollars a little further this year because higher interest rates have generated significant improvements in investment income, an increase of \$1.1 million. Even with this additional funding, difficult decisions had to be made, which are detailed below. Beyond 2025, we will not be able to significantly tap into this revenue source again to alleviate future budget pressures. This is due to a forecasted decline in interest rates and expected decrease in invested balances as federal funds are spent by the end of the grant terms.

Last year, leadership at the state sought to address the fiscal pressures that local governments have long faced. They did this by providing services to their residents and increasing Shared Revenues after being frozen for many years. While the aid was appreciated, the measure fell short for Waukesha County by maintaining features that disproportionately underfund the third most populous county in the state. Waukesha County is tied for the lowest amount of Shared Revenue per capita among the 72 counties, and the \$3.5 million in additional funding has been allocated entirely to cover the cost to continue and the compensation study adjustments that were needed to address significant staffing shortfalls. We cannot count on the state or federal government to solve these issues for us.

Budgets require prioritization, and the budget before you continues to put justice and public safety at the forefront, as our residents expect. The vast majority of new tax levy and resources is being dedicated to these programs. This includes making the difficult decision to shift \$2.0 million of tax levy and other ongoing revenues that support the County's down payment funding in the Capital Plan to the Sheriff's Department. This move will accommodate the pressing medical and inmate population needs at the jail. The County will still meet the minimum 20% down payment policy in 2025, but may have to lower this standard and rely more on borrowing in light of future infrastructure needs. And like investment income, this is the kind of measure that can only be used one time and is not available for subsequent budget pressures beyond 2025.

All of this is why I convened the Budget Task Force earlier this year. The fiscal challenges we face are significant. The County benefited from multiple sessions of public input from community leaders as we plot a long-term path to providing the services and infrastructure that residents expect and demand. I look forward with working with you on these issues as we go forward.

COUNTY EXPENDITURES AND REVENUES

Proposed expenditures in the budget total \$388.5 million, a decrease of \$2.9 million from the prior year. Operating budget expenditures increase \$6.3 million or 1.9%. Capital project expenditures decrease \$9.2 million for a total capital budget of \$43.7 million and includes the 2025 construction phase for the courthouse renovation project, repaving and rehabilitation of County Trunk Highways, and improvements to park infrastructure and facilities.

The proposed 2025 general property tax levy totals \$115.5 million, an increase of 0.59% or \$675,235. The increase includes a factor for tax increment district closures, prior-year unused levy capacity, debt service on infrastructure

investments and a net new construction growth rate of 1.45% as compared to 1.79% in the prior year. This is offset by the state's elimination of the personal property tax beginning in the 2025 budget and a corresponding aid payment of \$1.2 million to offset the impact. The growth in levy is against an equalized property tax base of \$85.7 billion, which experienced a 3.7% increase. The general county tax rate decreases \$0.04 per \$1,000 of property value, from \$1.39 to \$1.35.

The budget continues careful management of personnel, with total personnel costs increasing 2.6% from the 2024 budget. This includes a net reduction in funded regular full-time and part-time positions of 11.3 FTE, offset by the cost to continue existing staff. This is mostly due to reductions in state/federal funding and cost pressures experienced under the state's property tax levy limits, described in more detail below.

The 2025 budget includes changes in key revenue sources.

- American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding decreases \$26.7 million, as the county's \$78.5 million allocation from the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds program comes to an end. I would like to thank the County Board for their support the last few years, as we prudently targeted these funds to make lasting improvements. We have used these funds to initiate the building of a courthouse that will serve the county's justice needs for several decades, saving taxpayers tens of millions of dollars in debt borrowing costs; expanded the revolving loan GROW Fund to promote economic development; supported sworn officer pay increases to improve staffing levels and promote public; and initiated a program to deploy crisis clinicians with law enforcement to mitigate the amount of time sworn staff remain on the scene and direct individuals to appropriate care. One last appropriation of \$615,000 is budgeted to support the implementation of an enterprise resource planning (ERP) system, which is allowable under the grant rules because it is under contract before the end of 2024. Other existing appropriations for capital projects (e.g., the courthouse) are also under contract, and will be spent before the final deadline of December 31, 2026. All other remaining funds will be spent or claimed against eligible expenses before the year-end 2024 financial year closes.
- The Federal Reserve has increased interest rates multiple times between March of 2022 and July of 2023 in an effort to slow inflation. This has resulted in improving investment income, which is budgeted to increase \$1.1 million in the Treasurer's Office.
- Continuing strong demand for quality outdoor recreation leads to an increase in various parks fees (e.g., annual/entrance stickers, camping fees) of \$115,000. The County's long-standing practice of supporting our parks with fees from those who enjoy these quality-of-life amenities (making up 77% of funding), reduces tax levy reliance and is one of the factors that makes Waukesha County a fiscally conservative leader.

The Justice and Law Enforcement program areas remain a priority, receiving over \$3.5 million of additional tax levy, which is more than the overall general tax levy increase of \$675,235 due to shifting levy from capital projects and freeing up resources through higher investment income. An additional \$2.1 million of state Shared Revenue was provided to this functional, including \$2.0 million re-allocated from capital projects to replace ARPA funding that was budgeted in 2024 to phase-in the impact of the compensation study and to cover higher jail costs (discussed below).

• The Sheriff's Department receives an additional \$2.8 million in tax levy, an increase of 8.7%, and an additional \$1.5 million in Shared Revenue. The increase is possible after the transfer of \$2.0 million in tax levy and other ongoing revenues that previously used to fund a significant portion of the down payment in the capital projects budget. The need is driven by increase of over \$1.0 million or 44% in jail medical contract costs. In addition, higher inmate populations at the jail are straining capacity, and this budget assumes the removal of all federal inmates, and the corresponding \$1.2 million in revenue, to free up needed space in advance of a future jail expansion. Even with the additional resources, the department will need to unfund 2.0 FTE deputy sheriff positions in 2025 to meet target.

- Emergency Preparedness, which includes emergency dispatch operations for the Sheriff's Department and 34 municipalities, budgets an increase of \$450,000 or 6.5% in tax levy, driven mostly by increasing personnel costs as the department implements compensation study to address high telecommunicator (dispatcher) vacancy levels and the loss of a \$124,000 grant, assumed in the 2024 budget. The department will be unfuding a 1.0 FTE telecommunicator, a 1.0 FTE telecommunicator supervisor, as well as funding that supported a 1.0 FTE overfill telecommunicator.
- The District Attorney's Office receives an increase in tax levy of \$100,000 or 4.4%. The state Department of Justice has reduced the department's VOCA grant award revenue by \$249,000 to \$100,000. This budget helps offset the loss by allocating \$160,000 of prior-year Opioid Settlement fund balance, but the department will still need to eliminate 1.0 FTE victim witness counselor as a result of reduced state/federal support. ARPA funding of \$303,000 sunsets at the end of 2024, resulting in the loss of a prosecutor, senior administrative specialist, and victim witness specialist. The conclusion of the SMART grant in 2024 means the loss a state-employed prosecutor and a part-time administrative assistant.
- Circuit Courts receive an additional \$100,000 or 1.7% in tax levy and is expected to receive an additional \$220,000 in federal IV-D (child support-related) reimbursements, to help cover the cost to continue while the state Circuit Court Support grant remains stagnant after many years.
- The Medical Examiner's Office receives an increase in tax levy \$65,000 or 4.6%, along with \$114,000 of Opioid Settlement funds to help cover the increasing cost to continue and a \$76,000 decrease in revenues for medical examiner services provided to Washington County, as part of a restructuring of that contract to adjust the level of service and decrease workload.

SERVICE LEVEL ADJUSTMENTS

The 2025 budget includes changes in service levels in several areas.

- Utility expenses for general county buildings that are accounted for in the Department of Public Works General Fund consist of electricity, natural gas, and water/sewer service, and are budgeted to increase \$308,700 largely due to rate increases. In order to meet these and other rising costs, the department is unfunding two building services workers in the Housekeeping program and will rely on contracted staff to pick up most of the work. The department is also reducing the base Building Improvement Plan budget, which funds maintenance, repair, and replacement to keep county buildings and related mechanical systems in good working condition, by \$100,000.
- The Department of Public Works Transportation Fund budget assumes a \$134,600 decrease in state General Transportation Aid revenue, based on the current-year allocation. The department is balancing this budget by reducing its budget for road salt on county highways by \$116,000. This translates to a decrease of 2,000 tons, from 14,700 tons to 12,700 tons, which is more in-line with historical averages, but provides less flexibility for severe winters.
- The Sheriff's Department ended Huber operations at the Northview facility in June of 2024 and replaced it with an expanded electronic monitoring program. This was done to shift staffing resources to the main jail and reduce overtime costs. This budget includes \$536,000 of General Fund balance to support electronic monitoring, which will need to be phased-out in favor of ongoing revenues over multiple years.
- Health and Human Services is offsetting a \$163,300 decrease in federal ARPA funding that was allocated directly to the Aging and Disability Resource Center General Fund budget by reducing in-home care (e.g., bathing) by \$68,100 and meals provided through senior dining centers and home delivery by \$26,500.

INVESTING IN INFRASTRUCTURE

The 2025 capital budget, with total expenditures of \$43.7 million, decreases \$9.2 million from the 2024 budget, and includes \$20.4 million for the 2025 construction phase for the Courthouse Project Step II: Renovate 1959 Courthouse, which is a decrease in planned spending of \$15.0 million from the 2024 phase. The project will improve security, address aging and out-of-date facility systems, and ensure that facilities can support the next fifty years of growth in the County. The 2025 budget also includes \$5.2 million toward the rehabilitation of CTH O (Moorland Road), between CTH ES (National Avenue) and CTH D (Cleveland Avenue) in the City of New Berlin as part of a multi-year effort to improve multiple segments along one of the County's busiest highways. After one of the County's salt domes collapsed earlier this year, there is \$1.5 million set aside to replace it, partially offset with \$465,000 in insurance reimbursements. There is a total of \$470,000 budgeted to replace the roof and uninterruptible power supply at the Communication Center. The budget also initiates efforts to address increasing inmate population at the Jail with \$250,000 toward a study to evaluate construction options.

PROJECT FUNDING AND DEBT MANAGEMENT

The County values strategic, long-range capital planning, budgeting and debt management policies and practices. Down payment support for the capital budget decreases \$20.4 million, mostly due to a planned reduction in ARPA funding toward projects of \$17.9 million. In addition, a combination of tax levy, Shared Revenue, and other ongoing revenues decrease \$3.2 million, to offset the elimination of \$1.2 million in ARPA funding in multiple justice and public safety budgets that had been used to phase-in the impact of the compensation study, and \$2.0 million for budget pressures at the jail, as mentioned previously. The remaining down payment equals 22% of net capital costs, which is above the target policy of 20%, but will be difficult to maintain in future capital plan years.

Borrowed funds are budgeted at \$29.2 million, an increase of \$8.4 million from the 2024 budget. This includes \$25.0 million in borrowing for the capital plan, an increase of \$8.0 million from the 2024 budget, and \$4.2 million in borrowing for major vehicle replacements, an increase of \$0.4 million. The County's 2025 debt service expenses are budgeted at \$17.2 million, which is well within the County's key benchmark ratio of debt service expenditures to the total governmental operating expenditures of less than 10%. Maintaining debt service on borrowing at a lower level in the range of 5.5% to 6.5% assures the County will be able to maintain its infrastructure without diminishing funding needed for direct services for future generations.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to thank the Waukesha County staff that helped prepare the 2025 Waukesha County Budget and the County Board Supervisors who reviewed these difficult decisions and worked hard to deliver a budget that will continue our commitment to the taxpayers of Waukesha County to remain a low-tax leader.

Sincerely,

PAUL FARROW

2025 BUDGET SUMMARY

	2024		Incr/(Decr) Fror	n 2024
	Adopted	2025	Adopted Bud	
	Budget	Budget	\$	%
OPERATING BUDGETS				
Gross Expenditures	¢220 116 510	\$344,725,103	\$6,278,593	1.86%
MEMO: Less Interdept. Charges (a)	\$338,446,510 \$46,848,777	\$47,505,424	\$656,647	1.40%
MEMO: Less merdept. charges (a) MEMO: Net Expenditures (a)	\$291,597,733	\$297,219,679	\$5,621,946	1.93%
Less: Revenues (Excl. Retained Earnings)	\$208,072,266	\$212,079,540	\$4,007,274	1.93%
Less Net Appropriated Fund Balance	\$12,333,207	\$13,079,906	\$746,699	1.3070
	<u>\u006412,000,201</u>	<u>\u03c610,010,000</u>	<u>\\\\</u>	
TAX LEVY - OPERATING BUDGETS	\$118,041,037	\$119,565,657	\$1,524,620	1.29%
	<i> </i>	+ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<i> </i>	
	¢50,000,000	¢42 745 400	(作0 475 500)	-17.3%
Expenditures Less: Revenues	\$52,920,900 \$45,485,004	\$43,745,400 \$36,890,865	(\$9,175,500) (\$8,594,139)	-17.3%
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance	\$6,436,638	\$6,459,277	,	-10.9%
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance	<u>\$0,430,030</u>	<u>\$0,439,277</u>	<u>\$22,639</u>	
TAX LEVY-CAPITAL PROJECTS BUDGET	\$999.258	\$395,258	(\$604,000)	-60.4%
	<i>+••••</i> ,_••	<i>\\</i>	(+++++)	
COUNTY TOTALS				
	¢204.267.440	¢200 470 502	(\$2,906,007)	-0.7%
Expenditures (a) Less: Revenues	\$391,367,410 \$253,557,270	\$388,470,503 \$248,970,405	(\$2,896,907) (\$4,586,865)	
Less: Appropriated Fund Balance	\$18,769,845	\$248,970,405 \$19.539.183	(\$4,560,605) \$769.338	-1.070
Less. Appropriated Fund Balance	<u>\$10,709,045</u>	<u>\$19,009,100</u>	<u>\$709,330</u>	
County General Tax Levy (Excl Library)(b)	\$114,862,166	\$115,537,401	\$675,235	0.59%
Federated Library Tax Levy (c)	\$4,178,129	\$4,423,514	\$245,385	5.9%
	¢ 1, 11 0, 120	ψ1, 1 <u>2</u> 0,011	<i>Q</i> 210,000	0.070
Total County Tax Levy (b)	\$119,040,295	\$119,960,915	\$920,620	0.77%

- (a) 2025 operating budget net expenditures are \$297,219,679 and total County net expenditures are \$340,965,079 after eliminating interdepartmental chargeback transactions (mostly from internal service fund operations and cross charges, e.g. Sheriff Bailiff and Conveyance services), included in gross expenditures to conform with GAAP, but in effect results in double budgeting.
- (b) The tax levy (for 2025 Budget purposes) increase is within Wisconsin's statutory limits (see Planning and Budget Policy Section). State statute limits general property tax levy increases to the growth in net new construction (1.45% for 2025), with adjustments for debt service, the closure of tax increment districts, and prior-year unused levy capacity. Allowable levy growth is also reduced in 2025 due to the elimination of the personal property tax, which is offset by a \$1.2 million state aid payment.
- (c) Special County Library tax applied to those Waukesha County communities without a library.

2025 Budget Tax Levy Breakdown

(General County and Federated Library)

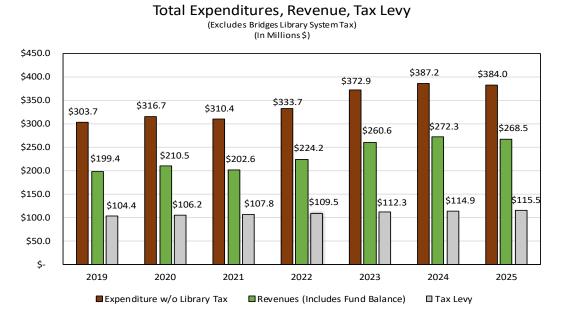
	2024 Adopted Budget	2025 Budget	Incr/(Decr) Fror Adopted Bud \$	
General County Tax Levy	\$114,862,166	\$115,537,401	\$675,235	0.59%
General County Tax Rate	\$1.3899	\$1.3479	(\$0.0420)	-3.02%
General County Equalized Value	\$82,638,928,700	\$85,713,447,900	\$3,074,519,200	3.72%
Federated Library Tax Levy	\$4,178,129	\$4,423,514	\$245,385	5.87%
Federated Library Tax Rate	\$0.2016	\$0.2015	(\$0.0001)	-0.05%
Federated Library Equalized Value	\$20,729,686,000	\$21,951,625,900	\$1,221,939,900	5.89%

2025 General County Tax Levy Summary

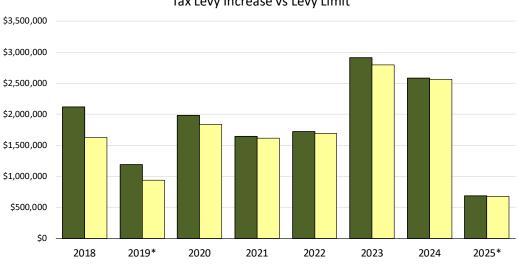
Section 66.0602 of the Wisconsin State Statutes, imposes a limit on property tax levies by cities, villages, towns, and counties. These entities cannot increase their tax levy by a percentage that exceeds their prior year change in equalized value due to net new construction plus an increment for terminated Tax Incremental Districts. The limit also includes exemptions for debt service obligations, consolidated services, and unused tax levy from the prior year.

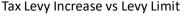
The 2025 proposed budget includes a general county tax levy of \$115,537,401, which is an increase of 0.59% or \$675,235.

Trends in expenditures follow available revenue associated with state program changes and/or capital project needs using bond funding.



The charts below illustrates the allowable county tax levy limit, compared to adopted/proposed increases. The allowable levy limit fluctuates from year to year, mostly due to changes in net new construction and changes in debt service payments.





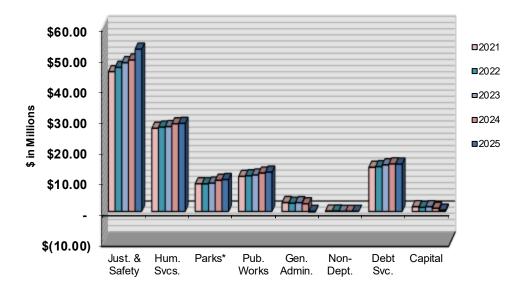
*Allowable levy growth was reduced by state statute reflecting the exemption of personal property for 2019 and 2025 budget purposes. For 2019, machinery, tools, and patterns (not used in manufacturing) were exempted, and for 2025, all remaining personal property was exempted. Both reductions in allowable levy were offset with state aid payments, including \$744,000 in 2019 and \$1.2 million in 2025.

Limit Actual Increase

2024-2025 TAX LEVY BY FUNCTION (COMBINES ALL FUNDS)

	2024 Adopted	2025 Adopted	Incr/(Decr 2024 Adopte	
BY FUNCTION	Budget	Budget	\$	%
Justice & Public Safety	\$49,167,928	\$52,714,858	\$3,546,930	7.2%
Health & Human Services	\$28,449,091	\$28,585,849	\$136,758	0.5%
Parks, Env., Educ. & Land Use	\$10,095,517	\$10,340,902	\$245,385	2.4%
Public Works	\$12,437,628	\$12,740,628	\$303,000	2.4%
General Administration	\$2,462,660	(\$162,481)	\$(2,625,141)	-106.6%
Non-Departmental	\$0	\$0	-	-
Debt Service	\$15,428,213	\$15,345,901	\$(82,312)	-0.5%
Capital Projects	\$999,258	\$395,258	\$(604,000)	-60.4%
Total Tax Levy	\$119,040,295	\$119,960,915	\$920,620	0.8%

2021-2025 Budgeted Tax Levy by Functional Area



The chart above shows the majority of recent tax levy growth trend to be primarily within the Justice and Public Safety.

* Includes Parks, Environment, Education and Land Use

Mission Statement:

"The mission of Waukesha County government is to promote the health, safety and quality of life of citizens while fostering an economically vibrant community. We are committed to delivering effective, high quality programs and services in a courteous and fiscally prudent manner."

Vision Statement:

"Waukesha County...leading the way with quality and value."

Standards of Service Excellence:

Teamwork & Collaboration, Innovation, Efficiency & Cost Savings,

Communication, Ethics & Diversity, Well-being

County-Wide Pillars:

The areas in which our strategic plans are focused, supporting the county's mission and vision and providing direction for goals and objectives:

- 1. Customer Service: High customer satisfaction
- 2. Quality: High standards of service excellence
- 3. **Team**: Best professionals serving the public in the best way
- 4. Health and Safety: Ensure the well-being of citizens
- 5. Finance: Protect taxpayer's investment

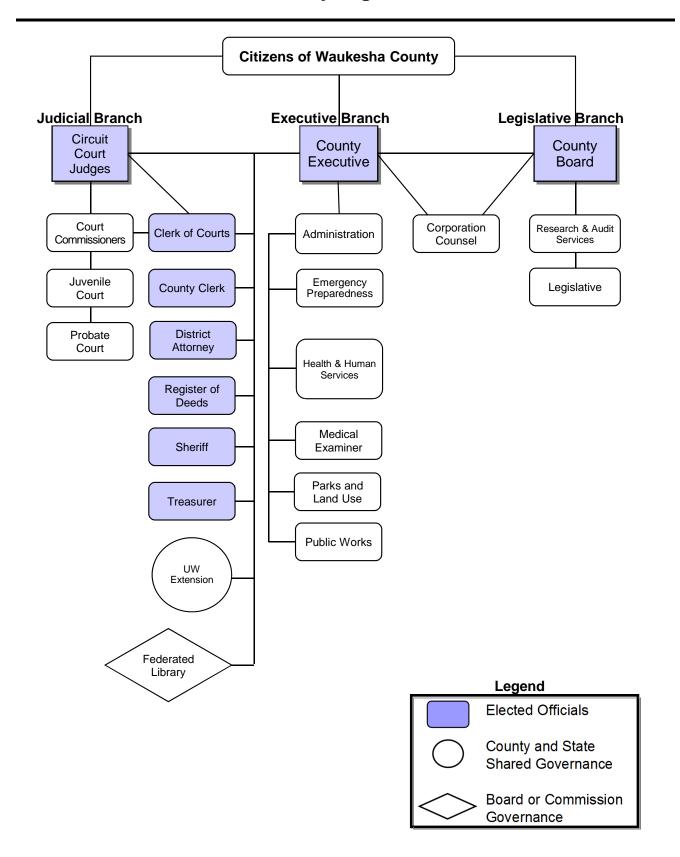
In addition to statutory requirements and conformance with recognized financial standards, Waukesha County's commitment to strategic budgeting requires decisions to be made in conformance with the County's budget philosophy:

- Balance spending with people's ability to pay
- Incorporate citizen and stakeholder involvement
- Establish links to strategic planning
- Base decisions on measurable objectives
- Maintain best budgeting practices (for stable future budgets)
- Protect the County's Aaa/AAA bond ratings

Departmental budgets are tied to the Strategic Plan in the following manner:

- Budget initiatives are organized under County-Wide Pillars
- Objectives focus on areas that utilize significant budget resources
- Performance measures demonstrate level of achievement over multiple years

Waukesha County Organizational Chart



BUDGETED POSITIONS 2023-2025 - SUMMARY BY DEPARTMENT

		2024	2024		Incr/(Decr)
	2023	Adopted	Modified	2025	From 2024
BY DEPARTMENT	<u>Year End</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	Adpt Budget
Administration (Includes End User Operations & Tech.)	107.50	110.00	110.00	108.50	(1.50)
Bridges Library System	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.00
Circuit Court Services	84.50	81.00	81.00	81.00	0.00
Corporation Counsel	41.00	42.85	42.85	42.85	0.00
County Board	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	0.00
County Clerk	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.51	0.51
County Executive	4.65	4.65	4.65	4.65	0.00
District Attorney	41.00	36.53	36.53	32.15	(4.38)
Emergency Preparedness	65.50	66.00	66.00	64.00	(2.00)
Health & Human Services	440.46	441.67	443.67	440.71	(0.96)
Medical Examiner	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	0.00
Parks & Land Use	102.05	103.31	103.31	104.31	1.00
Public Works	133.00	131.00	131.00	129.00	(2.00)
Register Of Deeds	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	0.00
Sheriff	353.50	352.50	352.50	350.50	(2.00)
Treasurer	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.00
UW-Extension	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	0.00
Total Regular Positions (FTE) Total Extra-Help Positions (FTE) Total Overtime Positions (FTE)	1,427.66 98.40 27.75	1,424.01 86.98 28.45	1,426.01 86.65 28.45	1,412.68 84.70 27.63	(11.33) (2.28) (0.82)
TOTAL POSITION EQUIVALENTS COUNTY-WIDE	1,553.81	1,539.44	1,541.11	1,525.01	(14.43)

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES FOR 2025:

• Budgeted Full-Time Equivalents (FTEs) decrease by a net of 14.43, including temporary extra help and overtime.

• There is a net decrease of 11.33 FTE budgeted regular positions

• Temporary extra help decreases by 2.28 FTE (about 4,742 hours), and budgeted overtime decreases 0.82 FTE (about 1,706 hours).

2025 BUDGET SUMMARY BY FUNCTIONAL AREA BY AGENCY BY FUND

	ADOPTED BU	JDGET				Tax Levy
AGENCY NAME	EXPEND.		REVENUES	NET FUND BALANCE	TAX LEVY	\$ Change '24 - '25
JUSTICE AND PUBLIC SAFETY EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS						
General	\$8,944,627		\$1,079,866	\$454,153	\$7,410,608	\$450,000
Radio Services	\$2,055,531	(a)	\$2,339,967	(\$284,436)	¢10,000 \$0	\$0\$\$
Radio Svcs. Rtnd. Earn.	\$0	(u)	(\$284,436)	\$284,436	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
Radio Svcs. Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		(\$783,299)	\$783,299	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	\$3,465,596		\$900,656	\$168,150	\$2,396,790	\$100,000
CIRCUIT COURT SERVICES	\$11,193,745		\$5,043,947	\$0	\$6,149,798	\$100,000
MEDICAL EXAMINER	\$2,917,994		\$1,299,179	\$135,602	\$1,483,213	\$65,000
SHERIFF	<u>\$53,816,059</u>		<u>\$16,474,288</u>	<u>\$2,067,322</u>	<u>\$35,274,449</u>	<u>\$2,831,930</u>
Outdately bushing 0 Dublin Onfate	#00.000.550		¢00.070.400	* 0.000 500	\$50.744.050	¢0 540 000
Subtotal: Justice & Public Safety	\$82,393,552		\$26,070,168	\$3,608,526	\$52,714,858	\$3,546,930
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
CORPORATION COUNSEL						
Child Support (General Fund)	\$3,271,788		\$2,869,656	\$0	\$402,132	\$39,688
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES						
Human Services (General Fund)	\$104,521,470		\$75,149,679	\$1,188,074	\$28,183,717	\$97,070
Aging and Disability Resource Center Contract (ADRC) Fund	\$4,267,640		<u>\$4,267,640</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
HHS - ARPA	<u>\$0</u>		<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal: Health and Human Services	\$112,060,898		\$82,286,975	\$1,188,074	\$28,585,849	\$136,758
PARKS, ENVIR, EDUC. & LAND USE						
REGISTER OF DEEDS	\$1,585,351		\$3,697,980	\$0	(\$2,112,629)	\$30,000
UW-EXTENSION: EDUCATION	\$535,593		\$148,849	\$0	\$386,744	\$20,000
BRIDGES LIBRARY SYSTEM	\$000,000		¢1.0,010	¢0	<i><i><i>vvvvvvvvvvvvv</i></i></i>	\$20,000
County	\$4,423,514		\$0	\$0	\$4,423,514	\$245,385
State Aids	\$2,665,406		\$2,403,906	\$261,500	\$0	\$0
CAFÉ Shared Automation	\$531,805		\$544,805	(\$13,000)	\$0	\$C
CAFÉ Rtnd. Earn.	\$0		(\$13,000)	\$13,000	\$0	\$0
CAFÉ Rtnd. Fund Balance	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$C
PARKS & LAND USE						
General	\$15,316,327		\$7,421,700	\$263,854	\$7,630,773	\$50,000
Community Development	\$3,292,901		\$3,292,901	\$0	\$0	\$C
Workforce Innovation	\$2,063,348		\$1,838,348	\$212,500	\$12,500	(\$100,000
Tarmann Parkland Acquisitions	\$400,000		\$0	\$400,000	\$0	\$C
ARPA - Parks	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$C
Golf Courses	\$2,624,442	(a)	\$2,527,850	\$96,592	\$0	\$C
Golf Course Rtnd. Earnings	\$0		\$96,592	(\$96,592)	\$0	\$C
Golf Course Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Ice Arenas	\$1,419,990	(a)	\$1,303,785	\$116,205	\$0	\$0
Ice Arenas Rtnd. Earnings	\$0		\$116,205	(\$116,205)	\$0	\$0
Ice Arenas Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$C
Material Recycling Facility	\$3,769,706	(a)	\$2,844,683	\$925,023	\$0	\$C
MRF Retained Earnings	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$C
MRF Fund Bal. Appr.	<u>\$0</u>		<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal: Parks, Env., Ed. & Land Use	\$38,628,383		\$26,224,604	\$2,062,877	\$10,340,902	\$245,385
Subtotal. Fains, Liiv., Lu. & Lallu USE	ψ00,020,003		Ψ ∠ 0, ∠ ∠4,004	<i>φ</i> 2,002,011	ψ10,040,90Z	φ240,000

(a) Proprietary fund (Internal Service and Enterprise funds) expenditure appropriations exclude Fixed Asset and Debt Service Principal payments to conform with generally accepted accounting standards. Fixed asset purchases and Debt Service principal payments will be funded by operating revenues, tax levy, or balance appropriations and are included, as applicable, in each agency budget request.

2025 BUDGET SUMMARY BY FUNCTIONAL AREA BY AGENCY BY FUND

AGENCY NAME		JDGET				Tax Levy
	EXPEND.		REVENUES	NET FUND BALANCE	TAX LEVY	\$ Change '24 - '25
	LAFEND.		REVENUES	DALANCL		24 - 25
PUBLIC WORKS						
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS						
General	\$9,906,030		\$525,141	\$402,600	\$8,978,289	\$100,000
Transportation	\$18,060,886		\$14,088,547	\$210,000	\$3,762,339	\$203,000
Central Fleet Maintenance	\$4,627,140	(a)	\$4,690,209	(\$63,069)	\$0	\$0
Central Fleet Rtnd. Earnings	\$0		(\$63,069)	\$63,069	\$0	\$0
Central Fleet Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		(\$101,083)	\$101,083	\$0	\$0
Vehicle/Equipment Replacement	\$3,619,595	(a)	\$4,285,882	(\$666,287)	\$0	\$0
Veh. Replace Rtnd. Earnings	\$0		(\$666,287)	\$666,287	\$0	\$0
Veh. Replace Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Airport	\$1,577,167	(a)	<u>\$1,407,585</u>	<u>\$169,582</u>	\$0	<u>\$0</u>
		. ,				
Subtotal: Public Works	\$37,790,818		\$24,166,925	\$883,265	\$12,740,628	\$303,000
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION						
COUNTY EXECUTIVE	\$760,440		\$0	\$0	\$760,440	\$30,000
COUNTY BOARD	\$1,006,958		\$0 \$0	\$0	\$1,006,958	(\$3,000)
COUNTY CLERK	\$814,315		\$297,640	\$107.213	\$409,462	\$19,000
TREASURER	\$845,691		\$7,626,288	\$120,000	(\$6,900,597)	(\$1,010,000)
ADMINISTRATION	\$0.0,001		<i>.</i> , <u>0</u> 20,200	<i><i><i>v</i></i>.20,000</i>	(\$0,000,001)	(\$1,616,666)
General	\$6,562,725		\$4,510,805	\$114,867	\$1,937,053	(\$1,722,602)
Risk Management	\$3,736,488	(a)	\$3,492,238	\$244,250	\$0	(¢1,722,002) \$0
Collections	\$1,259,240	· /	\$1,259,240	¢244,200 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
American Job Center	\$147,336	• •	\$59,100	\$88,236	\$0	\$0
End User Technology	\$11,212,639	• •	\$9,697,970	(\$24,633)	\$1,539,302	\$26,149
End User Technology Rtnd. Earn.	\$0	()	(\$24,633)	()	\$0	\$0
End User Tech. Fund Bal. Appr.	\$0		(\$922,252)	\$922,252	\$0	\$0
CORPORATION COUNSEL	· · ·		(+,)	<i></i> ,	+-	
General	\$1,695,501		<u>\$610,600</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,084,901</u>	<u>\$35,312</u>
Subtotal: General Administration	\$28,041,333		\$26,606,996	\$1,596,818	(\$162,481)	(\$2,625,141)
Sublotal. General Administration	\$20,041,333		\$20,000,990	\$1,590,616	(\$102,401)	(\$2,025,141)
NON DEPARTMENTAL						
GENERAL	\$1,638,443		\$1,044,972	\$593,471	\$0	\$0
HEALTH & DENTAL INSURANCE	\$25,814,900	(a)	\$25,678,900	\$136,000	\$0	\$0
CONTINGENCY	<u>\$1,200,000</u>		<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,200,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Subtotal: Non-Departmental	\$28,653,343		\$26,723,872	\$1,929,471	\$0	\$0
DEBT SERVICEGENERAL	<u>\$17,156,776</u>		<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,810,875</u>	<u>\$15,345,901</u>	<u>(</u> \$82,312)
Subtotal: Operating Budget	\$344,725,103		\$212,079,540	\$13 070 006	\$119,565,657	\$1,524,620
	Ψ 0 1 7,720,100		Ψ212,010,0 4 0	ψ10,010,000	φττο,000,007	ψ1,027,020
CAPITAL PROJECTS	<u>\$43,745,400</u>		<u>\$36,890,865</u>	<u>\$6,459,277</u>	<u>\$395,258</u>	<u>(\$604,000)</u>
GRAND TOTAL	\$388,470,503		\$248,970,405	\$10 530 102	<u>\$119,960,915</u>	\$920,620

(a) Proprietary fund (Internal Service and Enterprise funds) expenditure appropriations exclude Fixed Asset and Debt Service Principal payments to conform with generally accepted accounting standards. Fixed asset purchases and Debt Service principal payments will be funded by operating revenues, tax levy, or balance appropriations and are included, as applicable, in each agency budget request.

2023 - 2025 EXPENDITURE SUMMARY

		2024			Incr/(Decr) from
	2023	Adopted	2024	2025	2024
APPROPRIATION UNIT	Actual	Budget	Estimate (a)	Budget	Adpt. Budget
Personnel Costs	\$143,373,523	\$155,238,052	\$152,745,709	\$159,294,656	\$4,056,604
Operating Expenses	\$127,544,139	\$139,084,710	\$134,722,045	\$140,578,667	\$1,493,957
Interdepartmental Charges	\$24,265,921	\$25,514,882	\$25,410,458	\$25,758,029	\$243,147
Fixed Assets & Imprvmnts (a) (b)	\$1,764,020	\$1,769,778	\$2,175,139	\$1,936,975	\$167,197
Debt Service-Excl Proprietary (b)	\$15,903,322	\$16,839,088	\$16,686,568	\$17,156,776	\$317,688
Capital Projects (a) (c)	\$27,659,075	\$52,920,900	\$83,771,811	\$43,745,400	\$(9,175,500)
Total Expenditures	\$340,510,000	\$391,367,410	\$415,511,730	\$388,470,503	\$(2,896,907)

		2024			Incr/(Decr) from
	2023	Adopted	2024	2025	2024
FUNCTIONAL AREA	Actual	Budget	Estimate (a)	Budget	Adpt. Budget
Justice & Public Safety	\$74,523,464	\$78,062,531	\$78,677,323	\$82,393,552	\$4,331,021
Health & Human Services	\$96,946,687	\$105,559,022	\$104,685,465	\$112,060,898	\$6,501,876
Parks, Env., Educ. & Land Use	\$41,769,129	\$43,620,188	\$44,036,248	\$38,628,383	\$(4,991,805)
Public Works (a)	\$35,531,594	\$37,733,516	\$36,842,640	\$37,790,818	\$57,302
General Administration	\$26,050,735	\$27,302,374	\$27,028,286	\$28,041,333	\$738,959
Non-Departmental	\$22,125,994	\$29,329,791	\$23,783,388	\$28,653,343	\$(676,448)
Debt Service-Excl Proprietary (b)	\$15,903,322	\$16,839,088	\$16,686,568	\$17,156,776	\$317,688
Capital Projects (a) (c)	\$27,659,075	\$52,920,900	\$83,771,811	\$43,745,400	\$(9,175,500)
Total Expenditures	\$340,510,000	\$391,367,410	\$415,511,730	\$388,470,503	\$(2,896,907)

(a) Estimated expenditures exceed budget due in part to prior year appropriations carried forward and expended in current year other budget modifications approved by County Board through an ordinance or fund transfer.

(b) Proprietary Fund (Internal Service and Enterprise funds) expenditure appropriations exclude fixed asset and Debt Service principal payments to conform with generally accepted accounting standards. Fixed Asset purchases and Debt Service principal payments will be funded through operating revenues, Tax Levy, or Fund Balance appropriations and are included, as applicable, in each agency budget request.

(c) Capital Projects includes \$39,545,400 total expenditures for the Capital Improvement Plan and \$4,200,000 total expenditures for the Vehicle Replacement Plan.

2025 EXPENDITURE HIGHLIGHTS

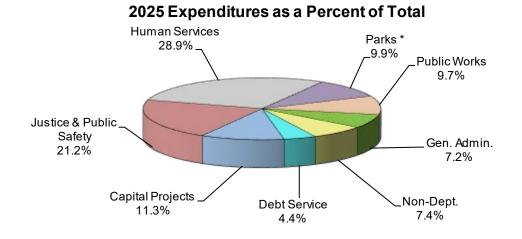
Expenditure Budget:

The 2025 total expenditure budget is \$388,470,503, a decrease of \$2,896,900 or 0.7% from the 2024 adopted budget. The 2025 budget appropriations consist of departmental operating budget and debt service expenditures totaling \$344,725,100 and capital project spending of \$43,745,400. The total operating budget increases by \$6,278,600 or 1.9% from the 2024 adopted operating budget while capital project expenditures decrease by \$9,175,500 or 17.3% from the 2024 adopted budget.

The net total operating expenditure budget is \$297,219,700 after excluding \$47,505,400 of interdepartmental charges, mainly from internal service funds (which are double budgeted), which is an increase of \$5,621,900 or 1.9%.

The budget includes personnel costs totaling \$159,294,700 or 48.6% of the total operating expenditure budget. Personnel costs are budgeted to increase by \$4,056,600 or 2.6% from the 2024 adopted budget level.

Operating expenses and interdepartmental charges in total increase by \$1,737,100 or 1.1% to \$166,336,700 in the 2025 budget. Fixed assets and improvement expenditures (excluding capital projects) are budgeted at \$1,937,000, an increase of \$167,200 from the 2024 budget. Debt service payments are budgeted at \$17,156,800, which is an increase of \$317,700 from the 2024 budget. This is about 5.7% of governmental fund expenditures (and well within the County's performance measure benchmark of less than 10%).



* Includes Parks, Environment, Education and Land Use

	Expenditure	% of Total
Functional Area	Budget	Expenditure Budget
Justice & Public Safety	\$82,393,552	21.2%
Human Services	\$112,060,898	28.9%
Parks *	\$38,628,383	9.9%
Public Works	\$37,790,818	9.7%
Gen. Admin.	\$28,041,333	7.2%
Non-Dept.	\$28,653,343	7.4%
Debt Service	\$17,156,776	4.4%
Capital Projects	<u>\$43,745,400</u>	11.3%
Total Expenditures	\$388,470,503	100.0%

* Includes Parks, Environment, Education and Land Use

2023-2025 REVENUE SUMMARY

		2024			Incr/(Decr) from
	2023	Adopted	2024	2025	2024
SOURCE	Actual	Budget	Estimate	Budget	Adpt. Budget
Intgov't Contracts & Grants	\$100,327,059	\$108,632,968	\$111,700,693	\$87,203,125	\$(21,429,843)
State Transportation Aids	\$5,126,882	\$5,126,882	\$4,992,282	\$4,992,282	\$(134,600)
State Shared Revenues	\$1,334,188	\$4,696,239	\$4,696,239	\$4,791,626	\$95,387
State Personal Prop./Computer Aid	\$1,324,116	\$1,320,465	\$1,320,465	\$2,541,918	\$1,221,453
Fines & Licenses	\$3,573,428	\$3,709,971	\$3,669,650	\$3,813,850	\$103,879
Charges for Services (a)	\$40,355,520	\$43,646,280	\$44,230,356	\$45,888,048	\$2,241,768
Interdepartmental Revenue	\$42,691,018	\$46,848,777	\$42,817,059	\$47,505,424	\$656,647
Other Revenues (a)	\$20,805,810	\$13,071,886	\$15,347,083	\$16,666,505	\$3,594,619
Interest/Penalty on Delinq Taxes	\$1,344,144	\$1,660,000	\$1,277,465	\$1,595,000	\$(65,000)
Investment Inc-Unrestricted Funds	\$7,265,803	\$4,497,646	\$8,200,000	\$5,611,255	\$1,113,609
Debt Borrowing	\$12,500,000	\$20,800,000	\$20,800,000	\$29,200,000	\$8,400,000
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$(2,339,834)	\$18,769,845	\$39,929,716	\$19,539,183	\$769,338
Retained Earnings (a)	\$(10,096,724)	\$(453,844)	\$(2,509,573)	\$(838,628)	\$(384,784)
Tax Levy	\$116,298,590	\$119,040,295	\$119,040,295	\$119,960,915	\$920,620
Total Revenues	\$340,510,000	\$391,367,410	\$415,511,730	\$388,470,503	\$(2,896,907)

		2024			Incr/(Decr) from
	2023	Adopted	2024	2025	2024
FUNCTION	Actual	Budget	Estimate	Budget	Adpt. Budget
Justice & Public Safety	\$25,975,210	\$27,609,792	\$28,062,812	\$26,354,604	\$(1,255,188)
Health & Human Services	\$69,458,676	\$75,818,862	\$78,926,143	\$82,286,975	\$6,468,113
Parks, Env, Educ & Land Use	\$34,838,215	\$30,154,496	\$32,381,849	\$26,024,807	\$(4,129,689)
Public Works	\$25,594,128	\$24,977,933	\$24,634,941	\$24,896,281	\$(81,652)
General Administration	\$25,772,644	\$23,402,393	\$27,065,260	\$26,631,629	\$3,229,236
Non-Departmental	\$26,805,807	\$26,562,634	\$22,495,283	\$26,723,872	\$161,238
Debt Borrowing	\$12,500,000	\$20,800,000	\$20,800,000	\$29,200,000	\$8,400,000
Capital Projects	\$15,703,288	\$24,685,004	\$24,685,004	\$7,690,865	\$(16,994,139)
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$(2,339,834)	\$18,769,845	\$39,929,716	\$19,539,183	\$769,338
Retained Earnings (a)	\$(10,096,724)	\$(453,844)	\$(2,509,573)	\$(838,628)	\$(384,784)
Tax Levy	\$116,298,590	\$119,040,295	\$119,040,295	\$119,960,915	\$920,620
Total Revenues	\$340,510,000	\$391,367,410	\$415,511,730	\$388,470,503	\$(2,896,907)

(a) Includes revenues from proprietary fund (e.g., Radio Services) user fees and other revenue which are estimated to result in retained earnings. Revenues in excess of expenditures from proprietary funds that are retained in the appropriate fund and not used to offset the overall county tax levy.

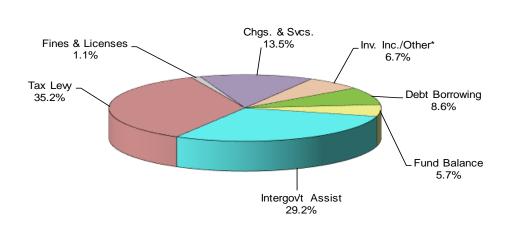
2025 REVENUE HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue Budget:

The 2025 revenue budget (excluding property tax levy, fund balance appropriations, and revenue generating proprietary fund retained earnings) totals \$248,970,405 a decrease of \$4,586,865 or 0.7% from the 2024 Adopted Budget. The revenue budget includes \$47,505,424 of interdepartmental revenues (mostly from internal service funds, e.g., Health and Dental Insurance Fund).

The 2025 budgeted revenues consist of departmental operating revenues at \$212,079,540 and capital project revenues at \$36,890,865 including \$29,200,000 from planned borrowing. Overall, the operating revenues increase by \$4,007,274 or 1.9% from the prior-year budget, while capital project revenues decrease by \$8,594,139 or 18.9%.

The graph below reflects the ratio of revenue sources budgeted for 2025 to all revenue sources (after excluding interdepartmental revenues), with tax levy of 35.2% and Tax Levy and 29.2% of intergovernmental assistance as the major revenue components.



2025 Revenues as a Percent of Total (Excludes Interdepartmental)

* Excludes Retained Earnings

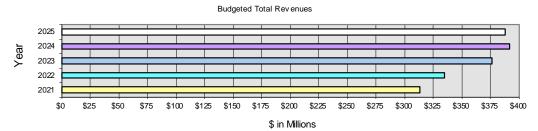
Revenue Projection Methodology

Realistic, conservative, and accurate revenue estimates are one of the key building blocks in the development of a fiscally sound budget. The county combines four primary projection methods, mentioned below, based on the unique characteristics of forecasted revenue.

- 1. Informed and Expert Judgment (e.g., the advice of a department head).
- 2. Deterministic Techniques (e.g., formula based).
- 3. Time Series Technique (e.g., trend analysis, rolling averages).
- 4. Estimates from external sources or appropriated in adopted legislation (e.g., state and federal governments).

Projection and Trends:

External factors that may affect estimated future revenue trends include a disruption in the economic recovery, a change in the interest rate trend affecting county investments, and a change in moderate inflation trends. Also, other impacts which could affect future revenue trends include federal and state budget deficits which will likely result in revenue reductions and the potential for higher future interest rates. Internal factors mainly include user fee rate increases, which help cover the rising costs of services and the ability to collect on client accounts. The graph below shows the total budgeted revenue trends from all sources for 2021-2025. Total revenues, including tax levy and appropriated fund balance, are budgeted to decrease \$2.9 million or 0.7% to \$388.5 million.



Capital Projects

2025 Capital Projects

		Project	2025 Project	Fund Balance & Revenue		Net \$'s Needed After Revenues
Pg #	PROJECT TITLE	Number	Budget	Applied		Applied
- 3 "			5			
	PUBLIC WORKS - AIRPORT					
502	RUNWAY 10/28 SAFETY ZONES	200310	\$418,500	\$418,500	(a)	\$0
P			· · ·	· · ·	X /	•
	PUBLIC WORKS - BUILDINGS					
503	COURTHOUSE PROJ STEP 2 - RENOVATE 1959 COURTHOUSE	201705	\$20,350,000			\$20,350,000
506	LAW ENFORCEMENT CTR WINDOW REPLACEMENT	202211	\$20,000			\$20,000
507	COMMUNICATIONS CENTER UPS UPGRADE	202310	\$200,000			\$200,000
508	COMMUNICATION CTR ROOF REPLACEMENT	202209	\$270,000			\$270,000
509	HIGHWAY/FLEET BLDG ROOF REPLACEMENT	202210	\$100,000			\$100,000
510	HIGHWAY SALT DOME REPLACEMENT	202510	\$1,540,000	\$465,000	(b)	\$1,075,000
511	JAIL EXPANSION PROJECT STUDY	202536	\$250,000			\$250,000
-						
	PUBLIC WORKS - HIGHWAYS					
513	CTH O, CTH ES TO CTH D REHABILITATION	201803	\$5,195,800	\$450,000	(c)	\$4,745,800
514	CTH O, CTH D TO STH 59 REHABILITATION	202013	\$90,000			\$90,000
515	CTH O, CTH HH TO GRANGE AVE	202102	\$330,000	\$264,000	(d)	\$66,000
517	CTH I, CALHOUN CREEK BRIDGE	202201	\$21,000			\$21,000
518	CTH EF, BARK RIVER BRIDGE	202202	\$72,000			\$72,000
519	CTH VV, WESTBOUND BRIDGE OVER MENOMONEE RIVER	201802	\$190,400			\$190,400
520	CTH I, MUKWONAGO RIVER BRIDGE	202203	\$23,000			\$23,000
521	CTH Y - CTH L to CTH HH REHABILITATION	202301	\$300,000	\$240,000	(e)	\$60,000
522	CTH F - CTH K INTERSECTION	202304	\$24,600			\$24,600
523	CTH T - CTH JJ INTERSECTION	202305	\$75,000			\$75,000
524	CTH F - BUSSE ROAD INTERSECTION	202401	\$12,300			\$12,300
525	CTH D - SUNNY SLOPE ROAD INTERSECTION	202402	\$10,000			\$10,000
526	SIGNAL CONTROLLER REPLACEMENT	202403	\$30,000	\$23,800	(f)	\$6,200
527	CTH ES, SCOTLAND DRIVE TO CTH U	202404	\$75,000			\$75,000
528	CTH S - STH 67 TO STH 59	202502	\$50,000			\$50,000
529	CTH D - CTH X INTERSECTION	202509	\$10,000			\$10,000
530	СТН К - СТН ЈК ТО СТН Ү	202514	\$200,000			\$200,000
532	CTH BB - US 18 TO CTH DR	202515	\$97,500			\$97,500
533	CTH KE - CTH E INTERSECTION	202520	\$195,000			\$195,000
534	CULVERT REPLACEMENT PROGRAM 2023-2027	201901	\$200,000			\$200,000
535	REPAVING PROGRAM 2023-2027	201906	\$5,820,000	\$3,710,000	(g)	\$2,110,000

- (a) Airport Fund balance of \$418,500.
- (b) Insurance reimbursement revenue from the collapse of the previous Highway Ops salt dome of \$465,000 is applied.
- (c) Municipal contribution funding from the City of New Berlin.
- (d) Federal Surface Transport Program (STP) funding for utility relocation.
- (e) Federal Surface Transport Program (STP) funding for land acquisition.
- (f) Federal Carbon Reduction Program funding.
- (g) Includes state Local Road Improvement Program- Supplemental (LRIP-S) funding of \$3,100,000, County Highway Improvement Program (CHIP) funding of \$350,000, and CHIP-Discretionary funding of \$260,000.

Capital Projects

2025 Capital Projects

Project Listing

						Net \$'s
		Ductors	2025	Fund Balance		Needed After
- "		Project	Project	& Revenue		Revenues
Pg #	PROJECT TITLE	Number	Budget	Applied		Applied
	PARKS AND LAND USE					
536	FOX RIVER BEND WETLAND RESTORATION PROJECT	202408	\$106,400	\$106,400	(h)	\$0
537	GOLF COURSE INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT	202208	\$411,000	\$411,000	(i)	\$0
538	ICE ARENA FACILITY IMPROVEMENT PLAN	202409	\$238,900	\$238,900	(j)	\$C
539	PARK SYSTEM ROOF REPLACEMENTS	202524	\$25,000			\$25,000
540	RETZER NATURE CENTER COVERED SHELTER	202525	\$30,000	\$30,000	(k)	\$C
541	PAVEMENT MANAGEMENT PLAN 2023 - 2027	201908	\$1,200,000			\$1,200,000
	SHERIFF - IT					
542	JAIL SECURITY AUDIO UPGRADE	202206	\$304,000	\$304,000	(1)	\$0
0.2		202200	<i>\\</i>	\$00 I,000	(•)	ţ,
	HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES - IT					
543	MYEVOLV	202533	\$445,000			\$445,000
545	COUNTYWIDE - IT ERP SYSTEM IMPLEMENTATION	202215	\$615,000		(100)	¢045.000
545		202215	\$015,000		(m)	\$615,000
	VEHICLE REPLACEMENT					
(n)	VEHICLE REPLACEMENT	N/A	\$4,200,000			\$4,200,000
						-
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES/Fund Balance & Revenues Applied/Net \$ Needed	b	\$43,745,400	\$6,661,600		\$37,083,800
	ADDITIONAL REVENUES & FUND BALANCE-GENERALLY APPLIED STATE COMPUTER EQUIPMENT EXEMPTION			¢0		
	EXISTING STATE SHARED REVENUE/UTILITY PAYMENT			\$0 \$200,000		
	SUPPLEMENTAL SHARED REVENUE			\$200,000 \$0		
	STATE PERSONAL PROPERTY AID FOR EXEMPT MACHINE, TOOLS, &			پ و \$695,465		
	AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ACT FUNDING (ARPA) (I)	FATIENIS		\$615,000		
	GENERAL FUND BALANCE (0)	\$1,500,000				
	CAPITAL PROJECT FUND BALANCE	\$3,628,077				
	DEBT ISSUE PROCEEDS - FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN			\$25,000,000		
	DEBT ISSUE PROCEEDS - FOR VEHICLE REPLACEMENT			\$4,200,000		
	INVESTMENT INCOME EARNED ON DEBT ISSUE			\$850,000		
	TOTAL FROM OTHER FUNDING SOURCES			· · · · ·		\$36,688,542
	TAX LEVY					\$395,258

- TAX LEVY
 - (h) Funding from the state DNR Waterfowl Stamp Program, Southeast Wisconsin Fox River Commission Grant, and state Department of Agriculture, Trade, and Consumer Protection Soil and Water Resource Management Grant.
 - (i) Golf Course Fund Balance of \$411,000.
 - (j) Parkland Management and Land Acquisition (Tarmann) Fund Balance of \$197,700 and Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant funding of \$41,200.
 - (k) Funding from Friends of Retzer Nature Center (FORNC) donations of \$30,000.
 - (I) Jail Assessment Fund balance.
 - (m) Project is funded in 2025 with federal American Rescue Plan Act revenues allocated to the capital plan.
 - (n) Description of planned vehicle replacements can be found in the capital project highlights in the following pages and in the Public Works functional area for the Vehicle Replacement Fund.
 - (o) General Fund balance of \$1,500,000 is allocated to address temporarily higher downpayment requirements, primarily due to the Courthouse Project Step 2 – Renovate 1959 Courthouse.

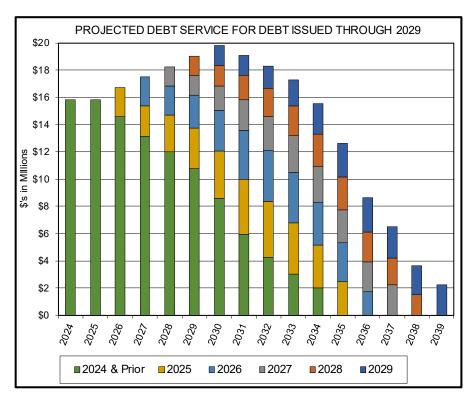
WAUKESHA COUNTY 2025-2029 CAPITAL PROJECT PLAN SUMMARY

FUNCTIONAL AREA:	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	TOTAL FIVE-
	BUDGET	PLAN	PLAN	PLAN	PLAN	YEAR PLAN
JUSTICE & PUBLIC SAFETY						
Facility Projects	\$21,090,000	\$20,700,000	\$925,000	\$745,000	\$20,000	\$43,480,000
System Projects	\$304,000	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$304,000</u>
Subtotal	\$21,394,000	\$20,700,000	\$925,000	\$745,000	\$20,000	\$43,784,000
HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICE						
Facility Projects	\$0	\$0	\$25,000	\$621,000	\$0	\$646,000
System Projects	<u>\$445,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$445,000</u>
Subtotal	\$445,000	\$0	\$25,000	\$621,000	\$0	\$1,091,000
PARKS, ENVIRONMENT, EDUCATION & LAND USE						
Parks, Facilities, Pavement, System Projects	\$2,011,300	\$4,603,400	\$1,706,100	\$2,594,400	\$3,288,000	\$14,203,200
PUBLIC WORKS						
Priority Coridor Expansion	\$530,000	\$1,644,000	\$6,340,800	\$0	\$2,226,000	\$10,740,800
Intersections and Bridges	\$863,300	\$1,113,000	\$1,947,500	\$2,762,400	\$637,800	\$7,324,000
Pavement and Rehabilitation	<u>\$11,628,300</u>	<u>\$9,147,500</u>	<u>\$10,067,500</u>	<u>\$15,383,600</u>	<u>\$6,258,700</u>	<u>\$52,485,600</u>
Subtotal Highways	\$13,021,600	\$11,904,500	\$18,355,800	\$18,146,000	\$9,122,500	\$70,550,400
Facilities	\$1,640,000	\$864,000	\$1,135,000	\$194,400	\$10,000	\$3,843,400
Airport	\$418,500	\$6,000	\$86,000	\$0	\$0	\$510,500
Other	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$550,000</u>	<u>\$600,000</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$1,150,000</u>
Subtotal Public Works	\$15,080,100	\$12,774,500	\$20,126,800	\$18,940,400	\$9,132,500	\$76,054,300
GENERAL ADMINISTRATION COUNTY WIDE						
TECHNOLOGY PROJECTS	\$615,000	\$0	\$0	\$539,000	\$1,617,000	\$2,771,000
TOTAL GROSS EXPENDITURES	\$39,545,400	\$38,077,900	\$22,782,900	\$23,439,800	\$14,057,500	\$137,903,500
Less Proj. Specific Rev./Proprietary Fund Bal.	<u>(\$6,357,600)</u>	<u>(\$8,399,200)</u>	<u>(\$2,797,100)</u>	<u>(\$7,069,600)</u>	<u>(\$3,511,800)</u>	<u>(\$28,135,300)</u>
NET EXPENDITURES	\$33,187,800	\$29,678,700	\$19,985,800	\$16,370,200	\$10,545,700	\$109,768,200
Cash Balances Excluding Property Tax Levy	<u>(\$6,942,542)</u>	<u>(\$5,194,642)</u>	<u>(\$1,398,942)</u>	<u>(\$895,465)</u>	<u>(\$895,465)</u>	<u>(\$15,327,056</u>
NET EXPENDITURES BEFORE TAX LEVY, DEBT BORROWING AND INTEREST APPLIED	\$26,245,258	\$24,484,058	\$18,586,858	\$15,474,735	\$9,650,235	\$94,441,144

The 2025-2029 Capital Plan identifies 67 projects at an estimated total cost of \$137.9 million over the five-year period. Projects in the first year of the plan represent the 2025 Budget. Major projects for future years are briefly explained in the following narrative. A project listing all projects in the plan is shown on the following pages.

For more information about the five-year capital plan, visit the Waukesha County's Five-Year Capital Plan, online at https://www.waukeshacounty.gov/capitalplan.

Future debt service is projected based on capital expenditures planned for in the County's five-year capital plan. The chart below also includes the estimated cost of issuance (e.g., bond counsel, bond rating review) and interest on vehicle replacements. Principal costs related to vehicle replacement are funded through contributions from the Vehicle Replacement Fund and are excluded from the chart. Debt is managed to maintain debt service payments at less than 10% of each respective budget year governmental operating expenditures. (See Debt Service ratio earlier in this budget.)



	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
	Budget	5 - Year Plan	5 - Year Plan	5 - Year Plan (c)	5 - Year Plan (c)
Capital Plan				T	
Capital Plan Project Costs (c)	\$39,545,400	\$38,077,900	\$22,782,900	\$24,997,523	\$22,160,123
<u>Capital Plan Funding</u> Project Specific Revenues & Proprietary Fund Balance (a) Tax levy/Current Funds (b) Investment Income Borrowed Funds Total Capital Plan Funding	\$6,357,600 \$7,337,800 \$850,000 <u>\$25,000,000</u> \$39,545,400	\$8,399,200 \$5,689,900 \$788,800 <u>\$23,200,000</u> \$38,077,900	\$2,797,100 \$1,994,200 \$591,600 <u>\$17,400,000</u> \$22,782,900	\$7,069,600 \$1,590,723 \$537,200 <u>\$15,800,000</u> \$24,997,523	\$3,511,800 \$1,620,723 \$557,600 <u>\$16,400,000</u> \$22,090,123
Vehicle/Equipment Replacement					
Replacement Costs Replacement Borrowing	\$4,200,000 \$4,200,000	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000	\$2,500,000 \$2,500,000	\$3,000,000 \$3,000,000
Total					
Length of Bond Issue-Years Estimated Interest Rate % Planned Bond Issue	10 4.00% \$29,200,000	10 4.00% \$26,200,000	10 4.00% \$20,400,000	10 4.00% \$18,300,000	10 4.00% \$19,400,000

(a) Other funding for projects usually is identified as project year nears the budget appropriation year.

(b) Includes funds from Capital and General Fund Balances.

(c) Current Five-Year Plan includes \$23.4 million and \$14.1 million of known project costs in 2028 and 2029. The estimates in this table are increased about \$1.6 million for 2028 and \$8.0 million for 2029, anticipating more project needs will be known as those years approach.

Debt Service Ratio

Debt service as a percent of total governmental operating expenditures, excluding proprietary funds and capital project funds, is a measure of the debt service impact to operations. As a fixed cost, debt issues are structured to maintain debt service at less than 10% of the total governmental operating expenditures in future county budgets. Projected debt includes debt expected to be issued for capital projects in future years of the 2025-2029 Five-Year Capital Projects Plan and interest on vehicle and equipment replacements. Debt Service figures below exclude principal payments on vehicle and equipment replacement, which is funded through contributions from the Vehicle Replacement Fund. Most projected expenditures for governmental operations assume a 3.0% annual growth rate after 2025.

(Millions)	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029
	Actual	Estimate	Budget	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
Gov. Oper.(a)	\$255.5	\$274.1	\$278.6	\$287.3	\$296.2	\$305.3	\$314.7
Debt Ser.(b)(c)	\$15.5	\$15.8	\$15.9	\$16.8	\$17.5	\$18.3	\$19.0
Ratio (%) of Debt to Oper	6.0%	5.8%	5.7%	5.8%	5.9%	6.0%	6.1%

(a) Excludes proprietary fund operating expenditures.

(b) Does not include refunding and debt redemption activity.

(c) Net of Vehicle Replacement Plan contributions.

Debt Outstanding

Debt outstanding is the outstanding principal on general obligation bonds for which the county has pledged its full faith, credit, and unlimited taxing power.

	Budget	Final Payment	Amount	True Interest	Outstanding
Year Issue (a)	Year	Year	Issued	Cost	Debt
2024 GOPN	2024	2034	\$20,800,000	3.55%	\$20,800,000
2023 GOPN	2023	2033	\$12,500,000	2.89%	\$11,210,000
2022 GOPN	2022	2032	\$11,300,000	2.89%	\$8,990,000
2021 GOPN	2021	2031	\$12,000,000	0.93%	\$9,000,000
2020 GOPN	2020	2030	\$18,000,000	1.12%	\$12,700,000
2019 GOPN	2019	2029	\$17,500,000	2.12%	\$10,800,000
2018 GOPN	2018	2028	\$12,500,000	2.60%	\$6,400,000
2017 GOPN	2017	2027	\$10,000,000	1.83%	\$3,500,000
2016 GOPN	2016	2026	\$11,500,000	1.52%	\$2,915,000
2015 GOPN	2015	2025	\$10,000,000	1.57%	\$800,000
		-	TOTAL DEBT 12/31/24		\$87,115,000
			2025 ISSUE		<u>\$29,200,000</u>
		-	TOTAL DEBT (b)		<u>\$116,315,000</u>

(a) GOPN=General Obligation Promissory Note

(b) The 2025 budget will reduce the outstanding debt with the budgeted principal payment of \$14,685,000 to \$101,630,000 before the 2025 issue.

Outstanding Debt Limit

By statute, the county's outstanding debt is limited to 5% of the equalized value of all county property.

	2023	2024	2025
	Budget Year	Budget Year	Budget Year
Equalized Value (d)	\$75,406,493,900	\$84,956,236,000	\$88,230,894,000
Debt Limit (5% x equalized value)	\$3,770,324,695	\$4,247,811,800	\$4,411,544,700
Outstanding Debt (e)	\$94,444,000	\$101,460,000	\$116,315,000
Available Debt Limit	\$3,675,880,695	\$4,146,351,800	\$4,295,229,700
Percent of Debt Limit Available	97.5%	97.6%	97.4%

(c) Total county equalized value including tax incremental districts for budget year purposes.

(d) Includes anticipated 2025 debt issue of \$29.2 million.

FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT POLICIES

Waukesha County's long- and short-term financial policies are derived from various sources including state of Wisconsin statutes, Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and county policies adopted by ordinance and codified in the Waukesha County Administrative Policies and Procedures Manual.

Below is a description of the county's current fiscal management policies for revenues, operating expenditures, capital improvements, debt, investments, reserves, and the basis of budgeting and accounting methods. The county budget is balanced as county budgeted expenditures and revenues are equal (including the use of fund balances).

Revenue Policy

- The county relies on property tax as its sole source of local tax revenues to fund state and local programs and services. Property taxes account for about 31% of total revenues. Excluding interdepartmental revenues, which are mostly charges from county internal service funds, property taxes account for about 35% of revenue. Other tax options allowable by statute to counties include a 0.5% county sales tax and a local motor vehicle registration fee. Waukesha County has not implemented these other tax options.
- 2. The county attempts to maintain a diversified and stable revenue stream. The county continues its efforts for greater reliance on true user fee service charges to help offset reductions or minimal growth in federal/state funding and to reduce reliance on property tax revenues. Service fee charges (user fees) are implemented for services that can be individually identified and where costs can be directly related to the level of service provided. The county's budgeting philosophy is to annually review and provide at least nominal inflationary increases on appropriate user fees charges for service to cover increasing costs of providing those services.
- 3. The county maximizes its return on investment consistent with its investment policy. Investment income is used to reduce reliance on the property tax levy. There is minimal risk of market losses because of the strict adherence to investment and liquidity guidelines.
- 4. One-time revenues shall <u>not</u> be used to fund continuous operating costs, except to manage a short-term spike in program costs, the phasing of a new or expanded program, making investments that have future payoffs, and to smooth out the impacts of significant state and/or federal funding reductions.
- 5. Revenue forecasts (estimates) need to document the methods employed and the underlying assumptions that the revenue projections are based on.

Balanced Budget

A balanced budget is a budget in which revenues and expenditures are equal. Waukesha County's budget is balanced, as county budgeted total expenditures are funded by a combination of various external revenue sources (e.g., intergovernmental grants, licenses, fees, or fines), property taxes, and funds available for appropriation in fund balances as identified in the prior year Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

Property Tax Levy Increase Limits

Section 66.0602 of Wisconsin Statutes imposes a limit on property tax levies for counties. The statutes allow a county to increase its total property tax levy by the percentage change in growth in equalized value due to net new construction between the previous year and the current year plus an increment for terminated tax incremental districts. The limit includes exemptions for the Bridges Library System tax levy, debt services obligations (including related refinancings and refundings), and a provision to allow for adjustments for consolidated (shared) services as well as services transferred from one unit of government to another. In addition, unused tax levy authority up to a maximum of 1.5% of the prior year levy could be carried forward if authorized by a vote of the County Board.

WAUKESHA COUNTY PLANNING PROCESSES

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE

To plan for the future, Waukesha County continues to engage in a strategic planning process, which focuses on long-term planning and the desire to be a mission driven organization continuously improving its services and operations.

The County develops five-year capital projects and debt financing plans. In addition, a five-year operating budget plan is developed, which incorporates key assumptions, significant strategic budget initiatives, and budget drivers.

The County has processes to identify and plan for recurring operational needs for the following: Building and Grounds Maintenance, Vehicle and Equipment Replacements, and Technology and Transportation infrastructures.

BUDGET BOOK REFERENCE

The County's Strategic Plan is referenced throughout the budget document as part of each department's strategic plan objectives. These objectives are directly linked to Waukesha County's Mission Statement.

The County's capital operational equipment replacement facilities, grounds and parks maintenance plans are part of the operating budget document. The specific page references for these plans are included in the table of contents and in the budget index.

The specific plans and processes used in the development and management of the county budget are listed in the summary chart below.

Further detail on the county budget and operations can be obtained from the Waukesha County website at www.waukeshacounty.gov

PLAN	TYPE OF PLANNING PROCESS	DESCRIPTION OF PROCESS	BUDGET IMPACTS
Strategic Planning	Long range (3 to 10 years) with objectives established for the budget year.	The County Executive's Office coordinates department plans with review by Strategic Planning Executive Committee	Allows for the reallocation of resources to pre-determined strategic goals and objectives.
Capital Projects Plan	Five-year plan that includes project listing by plan year.	County Executive submits plan for County Board approval by resolution with possible County Board amendments.	Provides a predictable funding level from year to year to allow for the planning of debt service requirements, operating costs of new facilities, and infrastructure improvements. (Capital Projects and Operational Impacts)
Operating Budget Financial Forecast	Operating five-year forecast to facilitate long term financial planning.	DOA Budget Division staff work together with department staff to determine key forecast assumptions to project major revenue sources and expenditures.	Provides for budget fiscal sustainability, planning and direction for future action plans of resource allocation, linked to the County's strategic planning goals.
Technology Projects Review Process	Multi-year (3 years) technology review process.	Department submits projects for review by Technology Review & Steering Committees. Criteria are established to set priorities and make recommendations for funding.	Provides a thorough technology review, considers best practices, and cost/benefit criteria. Ranks projects to meet budget priorities over the three-year planning cycle.

WAUKESHA COUNTY PLANNING PROCESSES, CONT.

PLAN	TYPE OF PLANNING	DESCRIPTION	BUDGET
	PROCESS	OF PROCESS	IMPACTS
End User Technology Fund (Internal service fund)	Multi-year plan to replace computers and network infrastructure. Provides for IT support, maintenance, help desk support, web administration, and Records Management.	The DOA Information Systems (Computers) and Records Management (Copiers) maintains computer support, inventories, and approves IT equipment replacements and computer support based on criteria reflective of the cost drivers and return on investment.	Allows for the funding of IT equipment replacements, maintenance, service utilization, help desk support, network infrastructure, and web administration annually. Replacement decisions consider changing software technology, economic issues, maintenance costs, and downtime. This is based on IT utilization of IT resources.
Building Maintenance	Five-year plan by facility and maintenance activity or project.	The Public Works Department prioritizes department requests for projects along with known required maintenance.	Provides a stable annual level of expenditures to insure continued maintenance of county facilities. (Public Works Section, Five-Year Building Improvement Plan)
Parks Maintenance	Three-year plan to address County grounds, park facilities, parking lots, roadways, and paths.	The Parks and Land Use Department schedule identifies ground maintenance for park facilities projects according to priorities and funding level.	Provides for a stable annual level of expenditures to insure the continued maintenance of county grounds. (Parks, Environment, Education and Land Use Section, Three-Year Maintenance Plan)
Vehicle/Equip. Replacement (Internal service fund)	Multi-year plan to replace most vehicles and contractor type equipment.	A Vehicle Replacement Advisory Committee reviews and approves replacement criteria.	Allows funding of the replacement of vehicles or major equipment items annually at an established base level. This ensures that the condition of the fleet is at an optimal level, which reduces fleet maintenance and costs of service. (Public Works Section, Vehicle & Equipment Replacement Plan)
Sheriff's Jail Equipment Replacement	Five-year plan to replace most jail equipment costing less than \$100,000.	The Sheriff's Department submits and updates the replacement plan annually as part of the operating budget.	Allows for funding necessary jail equipment replacements efficiently.
Sheriff's Non- Jail Equipment Replacement	Five-year plan to replace investigative, patrol, public safety, and tactical equipment costing less than \$100,000.	The Sheriff's Department submits and updates the replacement plan annually as part of the operating budget.	Allows for finding necessary non- jail equipment replacements efficiently.
Highway Improvements Program - Culvert Replacement - Repaving Plan - Bridge Replacement	Internal ten-year plan to maintain and improve the County trunk highway system that integrates with the five-year Capital Plan.	 Public Works staff develops an internal highway improvement program based on Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission (SEWRPC)'s Highway Jurisdictional Plan with priorities and criteria. Replace 1-2 culverts annually. Resurface approx. 15 to 20 mi. of CTH using pavement mgmt. system with pavement index goal of >70%. 	Long term planning for highway infrastructure needs, which mitigates future on-going maintenance costs, addresses highway safety issues, and extends the life of highways and bridges. Therefore, delays the need for their reconstruction.

Capital and O	perating B	udge	et P	roce	ss							
	KEY											
Operating Budget Process	DATES	Jan	Feb	o Mar	Apr	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct N	ov De
Review prior year results/identify potential budget issues.												
Analyze impact of State budget on County funding/programs.												
Develop budget assumptions and Internal Service rates for the ensuing year.												
Department budget targets developed and issued.	June											
Department budget development.												
Co. Executive seeks public opinion on budget.	July								l			
Departments submit budget and new position requests.									I			
Department Heads present budget requests to Co. Executive.												
Executive budget prepared.												
Co. Executive message and budget presented to Co. Board.	September											
Publication of County Board Public Notice.	September											
Finance Committee holds public hearing on Proposed Budget.	October											
Committees review of Co. Executive Proposed Budget.												
Finance Committee reviews amendments and makes recommendation to Board.												
Co. Board votes for adoption/amendment of budget.	2nd Tues. in Nov.											
Co. Executive vetoes (if necessary)- Co. Board action.												
Budget Monitoring.												
	KEY											
Capital Budget Process All open projects reviewed; completed projects closed.	DATES	Jan	Feb) Mar	Apr I	Мау	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct N	ov De
				_								
Project list developed and submitted to departments.												
Review of open and planned projects.												
Preliminary consideration of new project requests.												
Technical reviews of projects.												
Departments present project plans to Co. Executive.									l			
Co. Executive seeks public opinion on budget.	July								l			
Executive review and decision making.												
Executive's capital budget and five-year plan developed.												
Executive presents five-year plan to Co. Board.	By Sep. 1											
Committees review of five-year capital plan.												
Finance Committee holds public hearing on proposed budget.	October											
Board adopts/amends capital plan.												
Capital budget is adopted with operating budget.	2nd Tues. in Nov.											

Table 4 EQUALIZED PROPERTY VALUE BY MUNICIPALITY

According to the August 12, 2024 reports provided by the state Department of Revenue, the total equalized property value in Waukesha County, including all Tax Increment Districts, is \$88,230,894,000. This represents an increase of \$3,274,658,000 or 3.85% from 2023. A table listing 2023 and 2024 equalized values for municipalities is presented below. County-wide property values, as reflected in the equalized valuation, have increased.

	2023 EQUAL PROP. VALUE	2024 EQUAL PROP. VALUE	'23 - '24 CHANGE	% CHANGE
CITIES:				
Brookfield	\$9,943,967,300	\$9,841,962,300	(\$102,005,000)	-1.03%
Delafield	\$2,307,810,400	\$2,441,888,300	\$134,077,900	5.81%
* Milwaukee	\$16,081,000	\$12,899,700	(\$3,181,300)	-19.78%
Muskego	\$4,788,855,500	\$5,042,447,500	\$253,592,000	5.30%
New Berlin	\$7,871,954,300	\$8,046,558,800	\$174,604,500	2.22%
Oconomowoc	\$3,745,228,800	\$3,953,102,300	\$207,873,500	5.55%
Pewaukee	\$4,856,403,000	\$4,971,695,200	\$115,292,200	2.37%
Waukesha	\$9,487,929,500	\$9,870,303,400	\$382,373,900	4.03%
SUBTOTAL	\$43,018,229,800	\$44,180,857,500	\$1,162,627,700	2.70%
TOWNS:				
Brookfield	\$1,618,867,500	\$1,650,058,900	\$31,191,400	1.93%
Delafield	\$2,429,161,100	\$2,490,754,400	\$61,593,300	2.54%
Eagle	\$803,590,500	\$844,663,400	\$41,072,900	5.11%
Genesee	\$1,450,843,200	\$1,561,608,400	\$110,765,200	7.63%
Merton	\$2,680,122,200	\$2,773,800,000	\$93,677,800	3.50%
Mukwonago	\$1,408,313,700	\$1,495,561,600	\$87,247,900	6.20%
Oconomowoc	\$2,741,544,400	\$2,957,088,600	\$215,544,200	7.86%
Ottawa	\$793,889,200	\$845,501,600	\$51,612,400	6.50%
SUBTOTAL	\$13,926,331,800	\$14,619,036,900	\$692,705,100	4.97%
VILLAGES:				
Big Bend	\$246,944,600	\$265,188,800	\$18,244,200	7.39%
Butler	\$342,945,300	\$334,857,100	(\$8,088,200)	-2.36%
Chenegua	\$682,173,500	\$721,518,100	\$39,344,600	5.77%
Dousman	\$300,115,000	\$322,877,800	\$22,762,800	7.58%
Eagle	\$310,325,400	\$313,394,400	\$3,069,000	0.99%
Elm Grove	\$1,611,607,000	\$1,746,770,700	\$135,163,700	8.39%
Hartland	\$1,995,168,100	\$2,107,999,000	\$112,830,900	5.66%
Lac la Belle	\$172,683,300	\$195,047,400	\$22,364,100	12.95%
Lannon	\$294,020,300	\$337,021,100	\$43,000,800	14.63%
** Lisbon	\$2,010,232,000	\$2,122,800,900	\$112,568,900	5.60%
Menomonee Falls	\$7,795,110,600	\$8,003,243,900	\$208,133,300	2.67%
Merton	\$717,836,600	\$766,640,300	\$48,803,700	6.80%
Mukwonago	\$1,335,589,200	\$1,378,157,300	\$42,568,100	3.19%
Nashotah	\$308,695,000	\$291,702,600	(\$16,992,400)	-5.50%
North Prairie	\$363,326,000	\$385,482,900	\$22,156,900	6.10%
Oconomowoc Lake	\$535,525,400	\$598,411,900	\$62,886,500	11.74%
Pewaukee	\$1,361,836,700	\$1,395,317,700	\$33,481,000	2.46%
Summit	\$1,818,609,600	\$2,054,151,200	\$235,541,600	12.95%
Sussex	\$2,259,570,900	\$2,357,042,500	\$97,471,600	4.31%
Vernon	\$1,331,536,500	\$1,443,007,300	\$111,470,800	8.37%
Wales	\$629,229,300	\$604,333,600	(\$24,895,700)	-3.96%
Waukesha	\$029,229,300	\$1,686,033,100	\$97,439,000	6.13%
SUBTOTAL	\$28,011,674,400	\$29,430,999,600	\$1,419,325,200	5.07%
TOTAL	\$84,956,236,000	\$88,230,894,000	\$3,274,658,000	3.85%

* Includes only a manufacturing plant on property annexed to allow access to Milwaukee sewer and water.

** Lisbon became a village following a January 2023 special referendum election.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Revenue.

Table 3WAUKESHA COUNTY POPULATION

According to the 2024 population estimates by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, the current population of Waukesha County is 413,728.

	2020 CENSUS	2023	2024	'23 - '24 CHANGE	'23 - '24 % CHANGE
CITIES				(
Brookfield	41,464	41,121	41,055	(66)	-0.16%
Delafield	7,185	7,141	7,162	21	0.29%
Milwaukee*	0	0	0	0	N/A
Muskego New Berlin	25,032	25,496 40,135	25,624	128 (80)	0.50% -0.20%
Oconomowoc	40,451	,	40,055	(80) 573	-0.20%
Pewaukee	18,203 15,914	19,126 16,140	19,699 16,215	573	3.00% 0.46%
Waukesha	71,158	71,094	70,923	(171)	-0.24%
CITIES TOTAL	219,407	220,253	220,733	480	0.22%
	210,101	220,200	220,100	100	0.2270
TOWNS Brookfield	6 477	6,439	6,423	(16)	-0.25%
Delafield	6,477 8,095	8,096	8,085	(16) (11)	-0.25%
Eagle	3,478	3,512	3,524	(11)	-0.14 %
Genesee	7,171	7,167	7,186	12	0.34 %
Merton	8,277	8,267	8,311	44	0.53%
Mukwonago	7,781	7,763	7,762	(1)	-0.01%
Oconomowoc	8,836	8,831	8,799	(32)	-0.36%
Ottawa	3,646	3,637	3,631	(6)	-0.16%
TOTAL TOWNS	53,761	53,712	53,721	9	0.02%
VILLAGES					
Big Bend	1,483	1,479	1,481	2	0.14%
Butler	1,787	1,766	1,761	(5)	-0.28%
Chenequa	526	527	534	7	1.33%
Dousman	2,419	2,452	2,493	41	1.67%
Eagle	2,071	2,133	2,140	7	0.33%
Elm Grove	6,513	6,516	6,492	(24)	-0.37%
Hartland	9,501	10,084	10,128	44	0.44%
Lac la Belle	279	279	282	3	1.08%
Lannon	1,355	2,087	2,195	108	5.17%
Lisbon**	10,477	10,733	10,935	202	1.88%
Menomonee Falls	38,527	39,565	40,099	534	1.35%
Merton	3,441	3,518	3,569	51	1.45%
Mukwonago	8,040	8,163	8,438	275	3.37%
Nashotah	1,321	1,306	1,306	0	0.00%
North Prairie	2,202	2,192	2,198	6	0.27%
Oconomowoc Lake	566	567	567	0	0.00%
Pewaukee	8,238	8,159	8,193	34	0.42%
Summit	4,784	5,202	5,341	139	2.67%
Sussex Vernon	11,487	12,022 7,441	12,282 7,455	260 14	2.16% 0.19%
Wales	7,474				
Wales Waukesha	2,862 8,457	2,911 8,471	2,907 8,478	(4) 7	-0.14% 0.08%
TOTAL VILLAGES	133,810	137,573	139,274	1,701	1.24%
TOTAL: COUNTY	406,978	411,538	413,728	2,190	0.53%
	400,010	,000	110,120	2,100	0.0070

* Includes only a manufacturing plant on property annexed to allow access to Milwaukee sewer and water.

** Lisbon became a village following a January 2023 special referendum election.

SOURCE: Wisconsin Department of Administration.

Table 7 GENERAL COUNTY PURPOSE PROPERTY TAX LEVY DATA

EXCLUDES BRIDGES LIBRARY SYSTEM

					Y TAX RATES	
			_	PER \$1,000 OF EQU		
				GENERAL	RATE	Tax Rate
	BUDGET	TAX		COUNTY	CHANGE	Change
	YEAR	YEAR		RATE(1)	(\$\$)	(%)
	2015	2014		\$2.08	(\$0.07)	-3.3%
	2016	2015		\$2.04	(\$0.04)	-1.9%
	2017	2016		\$2.00	(\$0.04)	-2.0%
	2018	2017		\$1.95	(\$0.05)	-2.5%
	2019	2018		\$1.89	(\$0.06)	-3.1%
	2020	2019		\$1.82	(\$0.07)	-3.7%
	2021	2020		\$1.76	(\$0.06)	-3.3%
	2022	2021		\$1.68	(\$0.08)	-4.5%
	2023	2022		\$1.53	(\$0.15)	-8.9%
	2024	2023		\$1.39	(\$0.14)	-9.2%
Adopted	2025	2024		\$1.35	(\$0.04)	-2.9%
					TAX LEVY	Tax Levy
	BUDGET	TAX		COUNTY	CHANGE	Change
	YEAR	YEAR		TAX LEVY(2)	(\$\$)	(%)
	2015	2014	•	\$100,492,252	\$987,100	1.0%
	2016	2015		\$100,948,152	\$455,900	0.5%
	2010	2016		\$101,799,099	\$850,947	0.8%
	2018	2010		\$103,422,375	\$1,623,276	1.6%
	2010	2018	(3)	\$104,363,046	\$940,671	0.9%
	2010	2010	(0)	\$106,202,483	\$1,839,437	1.8%
	2020	2020		\$107,813,395	\$1,610,912	1.5%
	2022	2020		\$109,503,123	\$1,689,728	1.6%
	2022	2021		\$112,298,983	\$2,795,860	2.6%
	2023	2022		\$114,862,166	\$2,563,183	2.3%
Adopted	2024	2023	(5)	\$115,537,401	\$675,235	0.6%
				EQUALIZED	EQUALIZED	Equalized
	DUDOFT	- • • •		VALUE	VALUE	Value
	BUDGET	TAX		WITHOUT	CHANGE	Change
	YEAR	YEAR		TIDS (4)	(\$\$)	(%)
	2015	2014		\$48,283,418,200	\$1,895,955,000	4.1%
	2016	2015		\$49,440,690,500	\$1,157,272,300	2.4%
	2017	2016		\$50,989,620,500	\$1,548,930,000	3.1%
	2018	2017		\$52,982,985,200	\$1,993,364,700	3.9%
	2019	2018		\$55,212,959,400	\$2,229,974,200	4.2%
	2020	2019		\$58,358,920,500	\$3,145,961,100	5.7%
	2021	2020		\$61,132,610,900	\$2,773,690,400	4.8%
	2022	2021		\$64,997,770,400	\$3,865,159,500	6.3%
	2023	2022		\$73,452,931,500	\$8,455,161,100	13.0%
	2024	2023		\$82,638,928,700	\$9,185,997,200	12.5%
Adopted	2025	2024	(5)	\$85,713,447,900	\$3,074,519,200	3.7%

NOTES: (1) Rounded to nearest cent.

(2) Excludes amounts for Bridges Library System.

(3) The tax levy increase is reduced to \$940,671 due a state law that exempts machinery, tools, and patterns (not used in manufacturing) from the personal property tax, which was offset by a state personal property aid payment of about \$744,000.

(4) Equalized value excludes tax incremental financing districts (TIDs).

(5) Personal property value was eliminated beginning in 2025 and is offset by a state personal property aid payment of \$1.2 million.

WAUKESHA COUNTY, WISCONSIN • COMMUNITY PROFILE

W/I





COUNTY POPULATION*				
As of 1/1/2024	413,728			
2020 Census	406,978			
*WI Department of Administration				
(2024), U.S. Census Bureau (2020)				

Town of Crenomowce Illege of Les Lo Bello	Town of Marton Village of Chancegue	Village of Lisbon 90 ron Village cf Sussex	Village of of Lannon Menomonee Falls
City of Oconomowoo Willage Lake		Villege of Revolution	City of Brookfield Texm of Brookfield City of Brookfield
of Dournon	Village of WAUI Wales Town of Genesee	City of Weyleeba KESHA COUNTY Village of Waykesha	City of New Berlin
Town of Eagle Village of Eagle	Texm of Mukwonego Willego Mukwone	Village of Big Bend cfVennen of	City of Music go

EQUALIZED PROPERTY VALUES				
Including TID	\$88,230,894,000			
Excluding TID \$85,713,447,900				

BRIEF WAUKESHA COUNTY HISTORY

In April of 1846 Waukesha County was formed with sixteen townships. Supervisors representing each of the sixteen towns were elected to organize a county board, elect officers and to provide for and build necessary county buildings.

In 1965, the Wisconsin State Supreme Court ruled that county boards must equitably represent the population, and the Waukesha County Board switched to supervisory districts that represented an equal number of citizens, rather than the units system used previously.

In April of 1991, a new form of county government was established. The first county executive was elected by the voters of Waukesha County to be responsible for the administrative functions of county government. The county board reorganized to better reflect this new form of governing. The county executive also proposes the County Budget and has the ability to veto actions of the county board, and to appoint members to advisory boards and commissions. Effective April 2008, the County Board reduced their membership from 35 to 25, but maintained the seven standing committees.

WAUKESHA COUNTY TODAY

Waukesha County is located in southeastern Wisconsin, directly west of Milwaukee County and 100 miles northwest of Chicago. Waukesha County is part of the Milwaukee Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) and is the third most populous county in the State. The County has the highest median household income, second highest per capita income, and the third highest equalized property tax base in the State. The County covers 576 square miles and consists of 8 cities, 22 villages and 8 towns. The County Board is represented by 25 County Board Supervisors.

WAUKESHA COUNTY, WISCONSIN • COMMUNITY PROFILE

ECONOMIC DEMOGRAPHICS

2023 NAICS (1)

51,270

42,908

43,235

36,707

22,037

19,007

14,964

8,366

6,254

3,050 247,798

LARGEST EMPLOYERS				
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES			
ProHealth Care	4,430			
Froedert	4,322			
Kohl's Department Stores	4,000			
Quad Graphics Inc.	3,601			
Roundy's (Kroger)	3,387			
Advocate Aurora Healthcare*	2,800			
Generac	2,047			
General Electric Healthcare	2,000			
Milwaukee Electric Tool/Empire Level	2,000			
School District of Waukesha	1,600			
Target Corporation	1,565			
Wal-Mart Corporation	1,517			
Waukesha County	1,424			
Elmbrook School District	1,209			
Eaton Cooper Power Systems	1,200			
Spring City/Pieper Electric	1,200			
Waukesha County Technical College	1,034			
Subtotal	39,336			
* No survey responsed received in 2024. Latest response availabl	le (2021) is used.			

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS				
	2023 EQUALIZED	2022		
TAXPAYER	VALUE	RANK		
Wimmer Brothers	\$351,144,648	1		
The Corners of Brookfield*	\$226,337,400	2		
ProHealth Care	\$187,556,232	4		
Brookfield Square*	\$180,054,000	5		
Aurora	\$179,713,917	6		
Individual	\$177,801,860	3		
Fiduciary Real Estate Development	\$162,817,200	8		
Bielinski Homes	\$146,742,188	N/A		
Froedert Health	\$142,425,116	N/A		
Target Corporation	\$141,656,496	9		
Subtotal	\$1,896,249,057			
% Total 2023 Equalized Value** 2.2%				
*Includes adjacent and nearby properties owned by multiple entities				
**2023 total equalized value including TID of \$84,956,236,000				
Source: Waukesha County Tax System & Wisconsin Department of Revenue				
See Waukesha County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for more detailed information				

INDUSTRY

Retail Trade, Transportation, Utilities

Professional and Business Services

(1) North American Industry Classification System Source: Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development, Bureau of Workforce Information

Manufacturing

Construction

Information

Total

Education and Health

Leisure and Hospitality

Financial Activities

Other Services (2)

Public Administration

(2) Includes Natural Resources.

Source: Data Axle Genie (www.salesgenie.com), the Village of Sussex official statement

dated March 14, 2023, City of Brookfield official statement dated June 6, 2023, City of

Waukesha 2024 Executive Operating Budget, and direct employer contacts February 2024.

EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY

CONSTRUCTION & BUILDING PERMITS				
	Residential			
Maara	Neurober	Value		
Year	Number	in 000's		
2023	847	\$443,154		
2022	1,010	\$502,943		
2021	1,124	\$599,050		
2020	868	\$393,312		
2019	879	\$354,686		
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce				

urce:	U.S.	Departme	ent of	Commer	ce

INCOME, JOBS, AND UNEMPLOYMENT				
PER CAPITA INCOME, 2023 (1)				
Waukesha County	\$91,766			
State of Wisconsin	\$64,976			
United States	\$69,810			
JOBS, 2023 (2)	247,798			
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, 2023 (3)	2.6%			
 Bureau of Economic Analysis - US Department of Commerce Wisconsin Department of Workforce Development 				
(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics - US Department of Labor				

EQUALIZED PROPERTY VALUE BY CLASS * (\$000's)						
Budget Year	Residential	Personal Property	Commercial	Mfg.	Agr./Forest/ Swamp/Other	
2021	\$47,857,267	\$886,813	\$11,935,477	\$1,627,680	\$312,921	
2022	\$51,003,150	\$893,618	\$12,799,348	\$1,667,999	\$322,223	
2023	\$58,082,799	\$925,014	\$14,311,879	\$1,719,154	\$367,648	
2024	\$65,568,918	\$947,508	\$16,183,154	\$1,867,723	\$388,933	
2025	\$69,332,332	\$0	\$16,518,746	\$1,966,122	\$413,693	
% of Total	78.6%	0.0%	18.7%	2.2%	0.5%	



Andrew Thelke, Director Waukesha County Department of Administration

Department of Administration – Budget Division: William P. Duckwitz, Budget Manager Tyler Livesey, Senior Financial Analyst

Willem Weigel, Senior Financial Analyst Christianne Hill, Financial Analyst Josh Selje, Financial Analyst

WAUKESHA COUNTY

Department Heads

	Administration	Andrew Thelke
*	Clerk of Courts	Monica Paz
	Corporation Counsel	Erik G. Weidig
*	County Board Chairperson	. James A. Heinrich
*	County Clerk	. Margaret Wartman
*	County Executive	
*	District Attorney	. Susan L. Opper
	Emergency Preparedness	. Gary Bell
	Federated Library	. Karol Kennedy
	Health & Human Services	Elizabeth Aldred
	Medical Examiner	. Lynda M. Biedrzycki
	Parks & Land Use	. Dale R. Shaver
	Presiding Judge	. Ralph Ramirez
	Public Works	. Allison M. Bussler
*	Register of Deeds	James R. Behrend
*	Sheriff	. Eric J. Severson
*	Treasurer	. Pamela F. Reeves
	University of Wisconsin-Extension	. Jerry Braatz

* Elected Position